

# Package: geotools (via r-universe)

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**Type** Package

**Title** Support for Geography Packages

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**Description** Support functions for the GeoVerse packages.

**License** MIT + file LICENSE

**URL** <https://geotools.nenuial.org>

**BugReports** <http://github.com/nenuial/geotools/issues/>

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**Repository** <https://nenuial.r-universe.dev>

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<code>gtl_admin_code</code>	<i>Provide custom countrycode function</i>
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### Description

Provide custom countrycode function

### Usage

```
gtl_admin_code(..., country = c("China", "Switzerland", "Russia"))
```

### Arguments

...	Arguments passed on to <a href="#">countrycode::countrycode</a>
<code>sourcevar</code>	Vector which contains the codes or country names to be converted (character or factor)
<code>origin</code>	A string which identifies the coding scheme of origin (e.g., "iso3c"). See <a href="#">codelist</a> for a list of available codes.

**destination** A string or vector of strings which identify the coding scheme of destination (e.g., "iso3c" or c("cowc", "iso3c")). See [codelist](#) for a list of available codes. When users supply a vector of destination codes, they are used sequentially to fill in missing values not covered by the previous destination code in the vector.

**warn** Prints unique elements from sourcevar for which no match was found

**nomatch** When countrycode fails to find a match for the code of origin, it fills-in the destination vector with nomatch. The default behavior is to fill non-matching codes with NA. If nomatch = NULL, countrycode tries to use the origin vector to fill-in missing values in the destination vector. nomatch must be either NULL, of length 1, or of the same length as sourcevar.

**custom\_dict** A data frame which supplies a new dictionary to replace the built-in country code dictionary. Each column contains a different code and must include no duplicates. The data frame format should resemble [codelist](#). Users can pre-assign attributes to this custom dictionary to affect behavior (see Examples section):

- "origin.regex" attribute: a character vector with the names of columns containing regular expressions.
- "origin.valid" attribute: a character vector with the names of columns that are accepted as valid origin codes.

**custom\_match** A named vector which supplies custom origin and destination matches that will supercede any matching default result. The name of each element will be used as the origin code, and the value of each element will be used as the destination code.

**origin\_regex** NULL or Logical: When using a custom dictionary, if TRUE then the origin codes will be matched as regex, if FALSE they will be matched exactly. When NULL, countrycode will behave as TRUE if the origin name is in the custom\_dictionary's origin\_regex attribute, and FALSE otherwise. See examples section below.

country	Select the custom dictionary, currently one of <i>China</i> , <i>Switzerland</i> or <i>Russia</i>
---------	---

## Value

A vector with the desired output

## Examples

```
tibble::tribble(
  ~canton, ~population,
  "Neuchâtel", 176496,
  "Vaud", 805098,
  "Genève", 504128
) -> population

population |>
  dplyr::mutate(iso = gtl_admin_code(
    sourcevar = canton,
    origin = "canton.name.regex",
    destination = "iso",
```

```
    origin_regex = TRUE,
    country = "Switzerland"
))
```

**gtl\_chk\_api\_call**      *Check API connexion*

### Description

Check API connexion

### Usage

```
gtl_chk_api_call(call)
```

### Arguments

call	An API url
------	------------

### Value

Returns an error if the API call fails

**gtl\_chk\_idb\_api\_key**      *Check IDB API key*

### Description

Function to check if the IDB API key is correctly set.

### Usage

```
gtl_chk_idb_api_key()
```

### Value

Returns an error if the IDB API key is not properly set

### See Also

[idbr::idb\\_api\\_key\(\)](#)

### Examples

```
# Not run: fails if the IDB API key isn't set

gtl_chk_idb_api_key()
```

---

gtl\_chk\_rnoaa\_api\_key *Check NOAA API key*

---

### Description

Function to check if the NOAA API key is correctly set.

### Usage

```
gtl_chk_rnoaa_api_key()
```

### Value

Returns an error if the NOAA API key is not properly set

### Examples

```
# Not run: fails if the NOAA API key isn't set  
gtl_chk_rnoaa_api_key()
```

---

gtl\_country\_list\_noaa *NOAA country list*

---

### Description

This function returns a list of World Bank countries for a choice selector in a Shiny app.

### Usage

```
gtl_country_list_noaa()
```

### Examples

```
# Not run: need the NCDC city database  
gtl_country_list_noaa()
```

---

`gtl_country_list_wb`    *World Bank country list*

---

### Description

This function returns a list of World Bank countries for a choice selector in a Shiny app.

### Usage

```
gtl_country_list_wb()
```

### Examples

```
gtl_country_list_wb()
```

---

`gtl_crs_proj`                    *Get a defined CRS definition for a given code*

---

### Description

A function that returns the corresponding CRS for different codes.

### Usage

```
gtl_crs_proj(code)
```

### Arguments

code	A string with the CRS identifier
------	----------------------------------

### Details

The current list of available codes is:

- eqearth
- equirec
- gallpeters
- goode
- hoboyer
- mercator
- robinson
- wintri

**Value**

A CRS object

**Examples**

```
gtl_crs_proj("eqearth")
```

```
gtl_crs_proj("robinson")
```

---

**gtl\_crs\_regional**      *Get a defined proj4 string for a given country*

---

**Description**

A function that returns an ideal CRS for a given country.

**Usage**

```
gtl_crs_regional(country)
```

**Arguments**

**country**      A string with the country name

**Details**

The current list of possible countries:

- Russia

**Value**

A CRS object

**Examples**

```
gtl_crs_regional("Russia")
```

---

`gtl_dwnl_api_json`      *Download JSON response from API*

---

**Description**

Download JSON response from API

**Usage**

```
gtl_dwnl_api_json(call)
```

**Arguments**

`call`                  An API url

**Value**

JSON body

**Examples**

```
gtl_dwnl_api_json("https://dummyjson.com/products/1")
```

---

`gtl_full_date`      *Format full date*

---

**Description**

This function formats a date in a long format (see return value). The format takes the current language setting into account (see [gtl\\_opt\\_set\\_i18n\(\)](#)).

**Usage**

```
gtl_full_date(date)
```

**Arguments**

`date`                  A date in YYYY-MM-DD format

**Value**

A formated day month year (%d %B %Y) date

**See Also**

[gtl\\_opt\\_set\\_i18n\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
# Set en english locale  
gtl_opt_set_i18n("en_US")  
gtl_full_date("2020-02-20")  
  
# Set a french locale  
gtl_opt_set_i18n("fr_FR")  
gtl_full_date("2020-02-20")
```

---

`gtl_gis_tissot_indicatrix`

*World Tissot Matrix*

---

**Description**

World Tissot Matrix

**Usage**

```
gtl_gis_tissot_indicatrix()
```

**Value**

A simple feature layer

**Examples**

```
gtl_gis_tissot_indicatrix()
```

---

`gtl_hc_color_axis`

*Return a list of color breaks for Highchart maps*

---

**Description**

Return a list of color breaks for Highchart maps

**Usage**

```
gtl_hc_color_axis(breaks, palette)
```

**Arguments**

<code>breaks</code>	The data with the breaks (using chopped data with <a href="#">santoku::santoku</a> )
<code>palette</code>	A color palette that can take a numeric argument

**Value**

A list of lists to use in colorAxis' dataClasses argument

**Examples**

```
data <- seq(1, 20)
data_cut <- santoku::chop(data, breaks = c(5, 10, 15))
gtl_hc_color_axis(data_cut, rainbow)
```

**gtl\_hc\_discrete\_color\_axis**

*Return a list of color breaks for Higchart maps*

**Description**

Return a list of color breaks for Highchart maps

**Usage**

```
gtl_hc_discrete_color_axis(breaks, palette)
```

**Arguments**

breaks	The data with the breaks (factors !)
palette	A color palette that can take a numeric argument

**Value**

A list of lists to use in colorAxis' dataClasses argument

**gtl\_hmd\_codes**

*Provide HMD country codes*

**Description**

This function returns a dataframe with the 47 countries for which the [Human Mortality Database](#) provides data. For each country there is a name and a code.

**Usage**

```
gtl_hmd_codes()
```

**Value**

A dataframe with 2 columns and 47 rows

## Examples

```
gtl_hmd_codes()
```

---

gtl_koppen_code	<i>Determine the Köppen climate based on temperature, precipitation and the latitude.</i>
-----------------	---

---

## Description

Determine the Köppen climate based on temperature, precipitation and the latitude.

## Usage

```
gtl_koppen_code(temp, prec, lat)
```

## Arguments

temp	A vector with temperatures in degree Celsius for each month
prec	A vector with precipitations in millimeters for each month
lat	The latitude in degrees

## Value

A string with the Köppen climate determination

## Examples

```
# Based on climate data for Geneva
gtl_koppen_code(
  temp = c(2.1, 3, 6.8, 10.4, 14.8, 18.4, 20.5, 20.2, 15.8, 11.5, 6, 2.7),
  prec = c(70.8, 60.6, 56.9, 69, 75.7, 78.8, 83.2, 81.4, 94.9, 97.6, 90.3, 85.2),
  lat = 6
)
```

<code>gtl_options</code>	<i>Set or get options for my package</i>
--------------------------	--

## Description

Set or get options for my package

## Usage

```
gtl_options(...)
```

## Arguments

...	Option names to retrieve option values or [key]=[value] pairs to set options.
-----	---

## Supported options

The following options are supported

- language The default language
- country The default country setting
- theme The default ggplot theme
- mode The default ggplot mode
- opacity The default opacity

## Examples

```
# Retrieve default options
gtl_options("language")
gtl_options("plot_standard_width")

# Change a setting and retrieve it
gtl_options(plot_standard_width = 25)
gtl_options("plot_standard_width")
```

<code>gtl_opt_long_language</code>	<i>Return long language name</i>
------------------------------------	----------------------------------

## Description

Function to get the current language setting in full.

## Usage

```
gtl_opt_long_language()
```

**Value**

A string with the language name (lowercase)

**See Also**

[gtl\\_opt\\_set\\_i18n\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
# With a french locale
gtl_opt_set_i18n("fr_CH")
gtl_opt_long_language()

# With an english locale
gtl_opt_set_i18n("en_US")
gtl_opt_long_language()
```

---

gtl\_opt\_set\_i18n      *Set language and country settings*

---

**Description**

This function allows setting the default language and country settings using a valid i18n code.

**Usage**

`gtl_opt_set_i18n(code)`

**Arguments**

`code`      A valid i18n code (example: fr\_CH)

**Examples**

```
# Swiss french locale
gtl_opt_set_i18n("fr_CH")
gtl_options("language")
gtl_options("country")

# American english locale
gtl_opt_set_i18n("en_US")
gtl_options("language")
gtl_options("country")
```

---

`gtl_opt_short_language`

*Return short language code*

---

## Description

Function that returns the short language code currently set if it is in the list of *valid* options. If the current language isn't in the list of *valid* options, the first element of the valid elements is returned.

## Usage

```
gtl_opt_short_language(valid = c("en", "fr"))
```

## Arguments

<code>valid</code>	A vector with valid language options
--------------------	--------------------------------------

## Value

A string

## See Also

[gtl\\_opt\\_set\\_i18n\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
gtl_opt_set_i18n("fr_CH")
gtl_opt_short_language(valid = c("de", "fr"))

# With the current local not among the valid options
gtl_opt_set_i18n("en_US")
gtl_opt_short_language(valid = c("de", "fr"))
```

---

`gtl_relabel_dash`

*Reformat santoku chop dash labels*

---

## Description

This function can be used to reformat the levels produced by the [santoku::lbl\\_dash\(\)](#) function.

## Usage

```
gtl_relabel_dash(x)
```

**Arguments**

x A string vector of labels

**Value**

A string vector with clean labels

**See Also**

[santoku::lbl\\_dash\(\)](#)

**Examples**

```
data <- seq(1, 20)
data_cut <- santoku::chop(data,
  breaks = c(5, 7, 13),
  labels = santoku::lbl_dash(),
  extend = TRUE, drop = FALSE
)
forcats::fct_relabel(data_cut, gtl_relabel_dash)
```

---

gtl\_sci\_10\_html      *Format numbers using scientific notation for html*

---

**Description**

Format numbers using scientific notation for html

**Usage**

`gtl_sci_10_html(x)`

**Arguments**

x Number to format

**Value**

A formatted expression

**Examples**

```
gtl_sci_10_html(10e6)
gtl_sci_10_html(10e9)
```

---

`gtl_swiss_canton_abbr` *Get Swiss canton abbreviations*

---

### Description

This is a shortcut for Swiss canton abbreviation based on the canton name.

### Usage

```
gtl_swiss_canton_abbr(canton_name)
```

### Arguments

`canton_name` A vector of Swiss canton names

### Value

A vector of Swiss canton abbreviations

### Examples

```
gtl_swiss_canton_abbr(c("Jura", "Genève", "Neuchâtel"))
```

---

`gtl_swiss_canton_id` *Get Swiss canton FSO ids*

---

### Description

This is a shortcut for Swiss canton codes based on the canton name.

### Usage

```
gtl_swiss_canton_id(canton_name)
```

### Arguments

`canton_name` A vector of Swiss canton names

### Value

A vector of Swiss canton FSO ids

### Examples

```
gtl_swiss_canton_id(c("Jura", "Genève", "Neuchâtel"))
```

---

gtl_translate_enfr	<i>Translate function</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

## Description

Translate function

## Usage

```
gtl_translate_enfr(english, french)
```

## Arguments

english	English string
french	French string
	A function that returns the english or french argument depending on the current language setting.

## Value

String depending on package language option

## See Also

[gtl\\_opt\\_set\\_i18n\(\)](#)

## Examples

```
gtl_opt_set_i18n("fr_CH") # Set language to french  
gtl_translate_enfr("Hello world!", "Bonjour le monde !")
```

```
gtl_opt_set_i18n("en_US") # Set language to english  
gtl_translate_enfr("Hello world!", "Bonjour le monde !")
```

---

gtl_translator	<i>Creates translation function for named string list</i>
----------------	---

---

## Description

Creates translation function for named string list

## Usage

```
gtl_translator(dictionary)
```

**Arguments**

dictionary      A list of translations

**Value**

A function that translates

**Examples**

```
translations <- list(  
  "maison" = "house",  
  "chapeau" = "hat",  
  "chat" = "cat"  
)  
  
translate_to_english <- gtl_translator(translations)  
translate_to_english("maison")  
translate_to_english("chat")
```

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